



GEAR PUMPS

Group 3 | Technical Information











History of revisions

Date	Page	Changed	Rev.
28, June 2010	-	First edition	Α
24, Feb 2011	1,2,11,32	Covers to blue color, Turolla brand name, Biofluids deleted.	В
30, Sept 2013	ALL	Layout, options lists	С

Reference documents

Title	Туре	Order number
General Aluminum Gear Pumps and Motors	Technical Information	L1016238
Group 1 Gear Pumps	Technical Information	L1016399
Group 2 Gear Pumps	Technical Information	L1016341
Group 1, 2 and 3 Gear Motors	Technical Information	L1016082
Hydraulic Fluids and Lubricants	Technical Information	L1021414







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General information

Overview

The Turolla Group 3 is a range of peak performance fixed-displacement gear pumps. Constructed of a high-strength extruded aluminum body with aluminum cover and flange, all pumps are pressure-balanced for exceptional efficiency.



SEP3NN 07SA



SEP3NN 07GA



SNP3NN 01BA

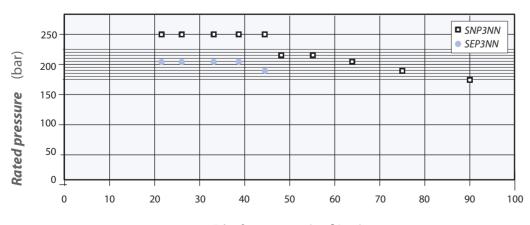


Group 3 gear pumps` attributes

- Wide range of displacements from 22 to 90 cm³/rev [from 1.34 to 5.49 in³/rev]
- Continuous pressure rating up to 250 bar [3625 psi]
- Speeds up to 3000 min⁻¹ (rpm)
- SAE, DIN and European standard mounting flanges
- High quality case hardened steel gears
- Multiple pump configurations in combination with SNP1NN, SNP2NN and SNP3NN

Pump displacements

Quick reference chart for pump displacements vs. rated pressure



Displacement (cm³/rev)





Pump design

SEP3NN

The SEP3NN gear pump is available in a limited displacement range from 22.0 to 44.1 cm³/ rev [from 1.34 to 2.69 in³/rev]. Suitable for applications where the pressure is lower than 210 bar [3045 psi], the SEP3NN range is released into SAE and European configurations. The overall length is reduced by 12 mm [0.47 in] in respect of the SNP3NN.

SNP3NN

The SNP3NN is available in the full displacement range from 22.0 to 88.2 cm³/rev [from 1.34 to 5.38 in³/rev], and with higher pressure ratings than the SEP3NN. This is due to the pressure balance on each side of the gears obtained with pressure-balance plates made in antifriction alloy that contribute to high volumetric efficiency and maximum sealing as well.

SNP3NN 01BA (cut away)









Technical data for SEP3NN

CED2NN numer mode	Frame size							
SEP3NN pump mode	022	026	033	038	044			
Displacement	cm³/rev [in³/rev]	22.1 [1.35]	26.2 [1.60]	33.1 [2.02]	37.9 [2.32]	44.1 [2.69]		
Peak pressure	hau [mai]	230 [3350]	230 [3350]	230 [3350]	230 [3350]	200 [2910]		
Rated pressure	bar [psi]	210 [3045]	210 [3045]	210 [3045]	210 [3045]	180 [2610]		
Minimum speed	min-1 (rom)	1000	1000	1000	1000	800		
Maximum speed	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	3000	3000	3000	2800	2600		
Weight	kg [lb]	5.7 [12.57]	5.8 [12.79]	6.1 [13.45]	6.2 [13.67]	6.4 [14.11]		
Moment of inertia of rotating components	x 10 ⁻⁶ kg•m ² [x 10 ⁻⁶ lbf•ft ²]	198 [4698]	216 [5126]	246 [5873]	294.2 [6981]	312.2 [7408]		
Theoretical flow at maximum speed	l/min [US gal/min]	66.3 [17.5	78.6 [20.8]	99.3 [26.2]	113.7 [30.0]	132.3 [35.0]		

Technical data for SNP3NN

CND2NN www.w.adal		Frame size												
SNP3NN pump mod	eı	022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090			
Displacement	cm³/rev [in³/rev]	22.1 [1.35]	26.2 [1.60]	33.1 [2.02]	37.9 [2.32]	44.1 [2.69]	48.3 [2.93]	55.1 [3.36]	63.4 [3.87]	74.4 [4.54]	88.2 [5.38]			
Peak pressure	hau [mai]	270 [3910]	270 [3910]	270 [3910]	270 [3910]	270 [3910]	250 [3625]	250 [3625]	230 [3350]	200 [2910]	170 [2465]			
Rated pressure	bar [psi]	250 [3625]	250 [3625]	250 [3625]	250 [3625]	250 [3625]	230 [3350]	230 [3350]	210 [3045]	180 [2610]	150 [2175]			
Minimum speed	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	600	600	600			
Maximum speed	ппп (грпі)	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	2500	2500	2500	2500			
Weight	kg [lb]	6.8 [15.0]	6.8 [15.0]	7.2 [15.8]	7.3 [16.1]	7.5 [16.5]	7.6 [16.8]	7.8 [17.3]	8.1 [17.9]	8.5 [18.7]	8.9 [19.6]			
Moment of inertia of	x 10 ⁻⁶ kg•m ²	198	216	246	267,2	294,2	312,2	342,3	378,3	426,4	486,5			
rotating components	[x 10 ⁻⁶ lbf•ft ²]	[4698]	[5126]	[5838]	[6340]	[6891]	[7408]	[8123]	[8977]	[10118]	[11545]			
Theoretical flow at maximum speed	l/min [US gal/min]	66.3 [17.5]	78.6 [20.8]	99.3 [26.2]	113.7 [30.0]	132.3 [35.0]	144.9 [38.3]	137.8 [36.4]	158.5 [41.8]	186 [49.1]	220.5 [58.3]			

• Caution

The rated and peak pressure mentioned are for pumps with flanged ports only. When threaded ports are required a de-rated performance has to be considered. To verify the compliance of an high pressure application with a threaded ports pump apply to a Turolla representative.





Determination of nominal pump sizes

Use these formula to determine the nominal pump size for a specific application:

Based on SI units

Based on US units

Output flow:
$$Q = \frac{Vg \cdot n \cdot \eta_v}{1000}$$
 I/min $Q = \frac{Vg \cdot n \cdot \eta_v}{231}$ [US gal/min]

$$\label{eq:matter_model} \textit{Input torque:} \quad M = \frac{Vg \cdot \Delta p}{20 \cdot \pi \cdot \eta_m} \quad \text{N^{+}m} \qquad M = \frac{Vg \cdot \Delta p}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \eta_m} \quad [\text{lbf$^{-}in}]$$

Input power:
$$P = \frac{M \cdot n}{9550} = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_t} \quad kW$$

$$P = \frac{M \cdot n}{63.025} = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{1714 \cdot \eta_t} \quad [hp]$$

Variables: SI units [US units]

 V_{q} = Displacement per rev. cm³/rev [in³/rev]

 $p_{HD} = Outlet pressure bar [psi]$ $p_{ND} = Inlet pressure$ bar [psi] $\Delta p = p_{HD} - p_{ND}$ bar [psi] n = Speed min⁻¹ (rpm)

 $\eta_{v} = Volumetric efficiency$ $\eta_{m} = Mechanical (torque) efficiency$ $\eta_{t}^{m} = \text{Overall efficiency } (\eta_{v} \cdot \eta_{m})$







Product code

Model code



A Family

SEP3NN	Low Cost Gr3 Pump
SNP3NN	Std Gr3 Pump

B Displacement

022	22,1 cc
026	26,2 cc
033	33,1 cc
038	37,9 cc
044	44,1 cc
048	48,3 cc
050	50 cc special
055	55,2 cc
063	63,4 cc
075	74,4 cc
090	88,2 cc

C Rotation

L	Left rotation
R	Right rotation

D Project version

N Std Version of Project







Ε **Mounting flange**

Code	Description (Type of flange • Type of drive gear • Preferred ports for configuration)
01	European four bolt flange (98,4x128,1) - Pilot Ø50,8
02	European four bolt flange (98,4x137) - Pilot Ø50,8
03	European four bolt flange (114,3x149,5) - Pilot Ø60,3
06	German four bolt flange (102,0x145,0) - Pilot Ø105
07	SAE B-Pilot Ø101,6+2 holes
08	SAE C-Pilot Ø127+4 holes
09	SAE A-Pilot Ø82,55+2 holes
91	Outrigger bearing with European four bolt flange Pilot Ø50,8 -Taper 1:8 M14x1,5 key 4x7,5
D 7	SAE B-Pilot Ø101,6+2 holes+special for double shaft seal - Special

Drive gear

AA	Taper 1:5-M16x1,5-Key 5
BA	Taper 1:8-M14x1,5-Key 4
ВВ	Taper 1:8-M16x1,5-Key 4,79
ВС	Taper 1:8-5/8-18UNF-2A-Key 6,375
BD	Taper 1:8-M14x1,5-Key 4 + thd hole M8 - Special
BP	Taper 1:8-5/8-18UNF-2A-Key 6,375 with NUT &
	WASHER (for SAE B flange)
CA	Tang 8xØ22,2 - Special
DA	DIN 5482 B22x19 L=24 (for flange 01)
DD	DIN 5482 B28x25 L28 (for flange 06)
FA	Parallel Ø20-Key 5x5 L30 (for flange 01-02)
FB	Parallel Ø22-Key 5x5 L40 (for flange 03)
GA	Parallel Ø22,225 x L25,4-Key 6,375x6,375 L25,4

GB	Parallel Ø22,225xL25,4-Key 6,375x6,375x25,4+thd hole:1/4-20UNC-2B
GC	Parallel Ø22,225xL25,4-Key 6,375x6,375x25,4+thd
	hole:5/16-18UNC-2B - Special
SA	SAE J498-13T-16/32-SAE B
SB	SAE J498-13T-16/32-SAE A (for flange 09)
RA	SAE J498-14T-12/24-SAE C-4 bolt (for flange 08)
SH	SAE J498-15T-16/32-SAE B - Special







Α	В	\subset	D	Ε	F	G	Н	I	J	Κ	L	M	Ν	0
											/			

G Rear cover

P1 Standard cover for pump

H Inlet size I Outlet size

A1	18,5x22,23x47,63x3/8-16UNC	
A3	25x26,19x52,37x3/8-16UNC	ф ф
A4	31x30,18x58,72x7/16-14UNC	• •
A 5	37,5/27x35,71x69,85x1/2-13UNC	
B7	20x40xM6	
BA	18x55xM8	0 0
ВВ	27x55xM8	
ВС	36/27x55xM8	
C7	20x40xM8	
CA	27x51xM10	
CD	36x62xM10	
CZ	27x51xM10(2 Vert.Holes)	
G7	20x40x5/16-18UNC - Special	
GA	27x51x3/8-16UNC - Special	
E 5	7/8-14UNF	
E 6	1-1/16-12UN	
E 8	1-5/16-12UN	
E 9	1-5/8-12UN	
EA	1-7/8-12UN	

Н8	M27x2-IS06149		
Н9	M33x2-IS06149		
F5	BSP 3/4 GAS		
F6	BSP 1 GAS		
F7	BSP 1-1/4 GAS		
M5	25x52,37x26,19xM10		
M6	31x30,18x58,72xM10		
M7	37,5x35,71x69,85xM12		
MF	25x52,37x26,19xM8 deep12 Horiz		
MG	25/20x52,37x26,19xM10(=) - Special	ф ф ф ф ф	
МН	31x30,18x58,72xM10 deep18 (=)		
MN	31x30,18x58,72xM10 deep12 (=)		
MR	37,5x35,71x69,85xM12 deep20 (=)		







Ports positions & Special body

NN	Std from catalogue
ZZ	Port type Bx-Bx in the center of the body

K **Seals**

N	Standard NBR seals NBR seals + VITON shaft seal with dust lip Two opposite shaft seal	
D		
1		

Screws

N	Std burnished screws
В	Anticorrosion screws

M **Set valve**

NNN	No valve
-----	----------

Type mark N

N	Standard Turolla Marking	
A	Standard Turolla Marking+Customer Code	
Z	Without Marking	

Mark position 0

N	Std Marking position (on top)
Α	Special Marking position on the bottom









System Requirements

Pressure

The inlet vacuum must be controlled in order to realize expected pump life and performance. The system design must meet inlet pressure requirements during all modes of operation. Expect lower inlet pressures during cold start. It should improve quickly as the fluid warms.

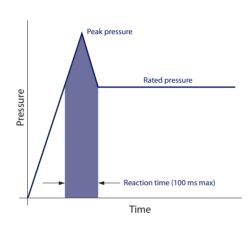
Peak pressure is the highest intermittent pressure allowed. The relief valve overshoot (reaction time) determines peak pressure. It is assumed to occur for less than 100 ms. The illustration to the right shows peak pressure in relation to rated pressure and reaction time (100 ms maximum).

Rated pressure is the average, regularly occurring, operating pressure that should yield satisfactory product life. The maximum machine load demand determines rated pressure. For all systems, the load should move below this pressure.

Inlet pressure

Max. continuous vacuum Max. intermittent vacuum	bar abs. [in. Hg]	0.8 [23.6]
Max. pressure		3.0 [88.5]

Time versus pressure



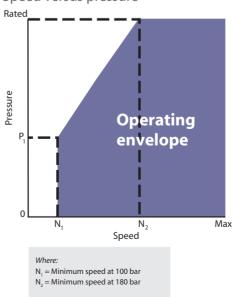
System pressure is the differential of pressure between the outlet and inlet ports. It is a dominant operating variable affecting hydraulic unit life. High system pressure, resulting from high load, reduces expected life. System pressure must remain at, or below, rated pressure during normal operation to achieve expected life.

Speed

Maximum speed is the limit recommended by Turolla for a particular gear pump when operating at rated pressure. It is the highest speed at which normal life can be expected.

The lower limit of operating speed is the **minimum speed**. It is the lowest speed at which normal life can be expected. The minimum speed increases as operating pressure increases. When operating under higher pressures, a higher minimum speed must be maintained, as illustrated to the right.

Speed versus pressure







Hydraulic fluids

Ratings and data for SNP3NN and SEP3NN gear pumps are based on operating with premium hydraulic fluids containing oxidation, rust, and foam inhibitors. These fluids must possess good thermal and hydrolytic stability to prevent wear, erosion, and corrosion of internal components. They include:

- Hydraulic fluids following DIN 51524, part 2 (HLP) and part 3 (HVLP) specifications
- API CD engine oils conforming to SAE J183
- M2C33F or G automatic transmission fluids
- Certain agricultural tractor fluids

Use only clean fluid in the pump and hydraulic circuit.



Never mix hydraulic fluids.

Please see Turolla publication Hydraulic Fluids and Lubricants Technical Information, **L1021414** for more information.

Temperature and Viscosity

Temperature and viscosity requirements must be concurrently satisfied. Use petroleum / mineral-based fluids.

High temperature limits apply at the inlet port to the pump. The pump should run at or below the maximum continuous temperature. The peak temperature is based on material properties. Don't exceed it.

Cold oil, generally, doesn't affect the durability of pump components. It may affect the ability of oil to flow and transmit power. For this reason, keep the temperature at 16 °C [60 °F] above the pour point of the hydraulic fluid.

Minimum (cold start) temperature relates to the physical properties of component materials.

Minimum viscosity occurs only during brief occasions of maximum ambient temperature and severe duty cycle operation. You will encounter maximum viscosity only at cold start. During this condition, limit speeds until the system warms up. Size heat exchangers to keep the fluid within these limits. Test regularly to verify that these temperatures and viscosity limits aren't exceeded. For maximum unit efficiency and bearing life, keep the fluid viscosity in the recommended viscosity range.

Fluid viscosity

Maximum (cold start)	mm²/s [SUS]	1000 [4600]
Recommended range		12-60 [66-290]
Minimum		10 [60]

Temperature

Minimum (cold start)	°C	-20 [-4]
Maximum continuous		80 [176]
Peak (intermittent)		90 [194]









Filtration

Filters

Use a filter that conforms to Class 22/18/13 of ISO 4406 (or better). It may be on the pump outlet (pressure filtration), inlet (suction filtration), or reservoir return (return-line filtration).

Selecting a filter

When selecting a filter, please consider:

- contaminant ingression rate (determined by factors such as the number of actuators used in the system)
- · generation of contaminants in the system
- required fluid cleanliness
- · desired maintenance interval
- · filtration requirements of other system components

Measure filter efficiency with a Beta ratio (β_v). For:

- suction filtration, with controlled reservoir ingression, use a β_{35-45} = 75 filter
- return or pressure filtration, use a pressure filtration with an efficiency of $\beta_{10} = 75$.

 β_x ratio is a measure of filter efficiency defined by ISO 4572. It is the ratio of the number of particles greater than a given diameter (" $_x$ " in microns) upstream of the filter to the number of these particles downstream of the filter.

Fluid cleanliness level and β , ratio

Fluid cleanliness level (per ISO 4406)	Class 22/18/13 or better	
$\beta_{_{\rm x}}$ ratio (suction filtration)	$\beta_{35-45} = 75$ and $\beta_{10} = 2$	
$\beta_{\rm x}$ ratio (pressure or return filtration)	$\beta_{10} = 75$	
Recommended inlet screen size	100-125 μm [0.004-0.005 in]	

The filtration requirements for each system are unique. Evaluate filtration system capacity by monitoring and testing prototypes.





Reservoir

The **reservoir** provides clean fluid, dissipates heat, removes entrained air, and allows for fluid volume changes associated with fluid expansion and cylinder differential volumes. A correctly sized reservoir accommodates maximum volume changes during all system operating modes. It promotes deaeration of the fluid as it passes through, and accommodates a fluid dwell-time between 60 and 180 seconds, allowing entrained air to escape.

Minimum reservoir capacity depends on the volume required to cool and hold the oil from all retracted cylinders, allowing for expansion due to temperature changes. A fluid volume of 1 to 3 times the pump output flow (per minute) is satisfactory. The minimum reservoir capacity is 125% of the fluid volume.

Install the suction line above the bottom of the reservoir to take advantage of gravity separation and prevent large foreign particles from entering the line. Cover the line with a 100-125 micron screen. The pump should be below the lowest expected fluid level.

Put the return-line below the lowest expected fluid level to allow discharge into the reservoir for maximum dwell and efficient deaeration. A baffle (or baffles) between the return and suction lines promotes deaeration and reduces fluid surges.

Line sizing

Choose pipe sizes that accommodate minimum fluid velocity to reduce system noise, pressure drops, and overheating. This maximizes system life and performance. Design inlet piping that maintains continuous pump inlet pressure above 0.8 bar absolute during normal operation. The line velocity should not exceed the values in this table:

Maximum line velocity

Inlet	m/s [ft/sec]	2.5 [8.2]
Outlet		5.0 [16.4]
Return		3.0 [9.8]

Most systems use hydraulic oil containing 10% dissolved air by volume. Under high inlet vacuum conditions the oil releases bubbles. They collapse when subjected to pressure, resulting in cavitation, causing adjacent metal surfaces to erode. **Over-aeration** is the result of air leaks on the inlet side of the pump, and flow-line restrictions. These include inadequate pipe sizes, sharp bends, or elbow fittings, causing a reduction of flow line cross sectional area. This problem will not occur if inlet vacuum and rated speed requirements are maintained, and reservoir size and location are adequate.





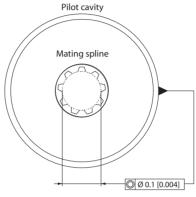


Pump drive

Shaft options for Group 3 gear pumps include tapered, splined, or parallel shafts. They are suitable for a wide range of direct and indirect drive applications for radial and thrust loads.

Plug-in drives, acceptable only with a splined shaft, can impose severe radial loads when the mating spline is rigidly supported. Increasing spline clearance does not alleviate this condition.

Use plug-in drives if the concentricity between the mating spline and pilot diameter is within 0.1 mm [0.004 in]. Lubricate the drive by flooding it with oil. A 3-piece coupling minimizes radial or thrust shaft loads.



P101 002E

• Caution

In order to avoid spline shaft damages it is recommended to use carburised and hardened steel couplings with 80-82 HRA surface hardness.

Allowable **radial shaft loads** are a function of the load position, load orientation, and operating pressure of the hydraulic pump. All external shaft loads have an effect on bearing life, and may affect pump performance.

In applications where external shaft loads can't be avoided, minimize the impact on the pump by optimizing the orientation and magnitude of the load. Don't use splined shafts for belt or gear drive applications. A spring-loaded belt tension-device is recommended for belt drive applications to avoid excessive tension. Avoid thrust loads in either direction.



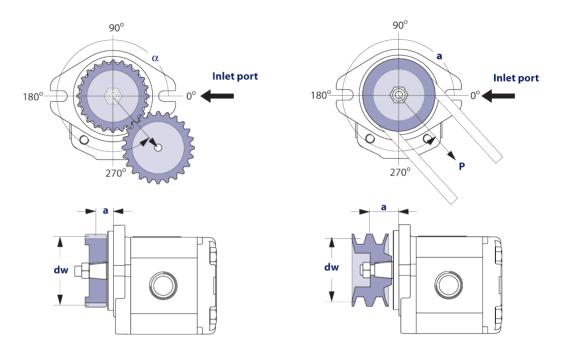


Pump drive data form

Contact Turolla if continuously applied external radial or thrust loads occur.

Fill out this page and send the complete form to your Turolla representative for an assistance in applying pumps with belt or gear drive. This illustration shows a pump with counterclockwise orientation:

Optimal radial load position



Application data

Item		Value	Unit
Pump displacement			cm³/rev [in³/rev]
Rated system pressure			
Relief valve setting			□ bar □ psi
Pump shaft rotation			□ left □ right
Pump minimum speed			
Pump maximum speed			min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Drive gear helix angle (gear drive only)			degree
Belt type (gear drive only)			□V □ notch
Belt tension (gear drive only)	P		□N □lbf
Angular orientation of gear or belt to inlet port	α		degree
Pitch diameter of gear or pulley	d _w		5 5:
Distance from flange to center of gear or pulley	a		□ mm □ in







Pump life

Pump life is a function of speed, system pressure, and other system parameters (such as fluid quality and cleanliness).

All Turolla gear pumps use hydrodynamic journal bearings that have an oil film maintained between the gear / shaft and bearing surfaces at all times. If the oil film is sufficiently sustained through proper system maintenance and operating within recommended limits, long life can be expected.

B10 life expectancy number is generally associated with rolling element bearings. It does not exist for hydrodynamic bearings.

High pressure, resulting from high loads, impacts pump life. When submitting an application for review, provide machine duty cycle data that includes percentages of time at various loads and speeds. We strongly recommend a prototype testing program to verify operating parameters and their impact on life expectancy before finalizing any system design.





Sound levels

Fluid power systems are inherent generators of noise. As with many high power density devices, noise is an unwanted side affect. However, there are many techniques available to minimize noise from fluid power systems. To apply these methods effectively, it is necessary to understand how the noise is generated and how it reaches the listener. The noise energy can be transmitted away from its source as either fluid borne noise (pressure ripple) or as structure borne noise.

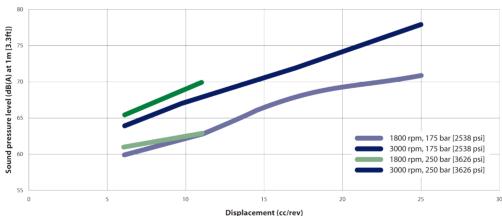
Pressure ripple is the result of the number of pumping elements (gear teeth) delivering oil to the outlet and the pump's ability to gradually change the volume of each pumping element from low to high pressure. In addition, the pressure ripple is affected by the compressibility of the oil as each pumping element discharges into the outlet of the pump. Pressure pulsations will travel along the hydraulic lines at the speed of sound (about 1400 m/s in oil) until affected by a change in the system such as an elbow fitting. Thus the pressure pulsation amplitude varies with overall line length and position.

Structure borne noise may be transmitted wherever the pump casing is connected to the rest of the system. The manner in which one circuit component responds to excitation depends on its size, form, and manner in which it is mounted or supported. Because of this excitation, a system line may actually have a greater noise level than the pump. To reduce this excitation, use flexible hoses in place of steel plumbing. If steel plumbing must be used, clamping of lines is recommended. To minimize other structure borne noise, use flexible (rubber) mounts.

The accompanying graph shows typical sound pressure levels for SNP3NN pumps (with SAE A flange, and spline shaft in plug in drive) measured in dB (A) at 1 m [3.28 ft] from the unit in a semi-anechoic chamber. Anechoic levels can be estimated by subtracting 3 dB (A) from these values.

Contact your Turolla representative for assistance with system noise control.









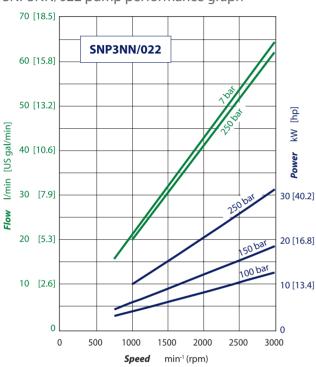


Pump Performance

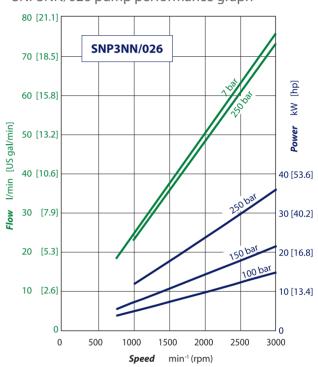
Pump Performance graphs

The graphs on the next few pages provide typical output flow and input power for Group 3 pumps at various working pressures. Data were taken using ISO VG46 petroleum /mineral based fluid at 50 °C [122 °F] (viscosity = 28 mm²/s [132 SUS]).

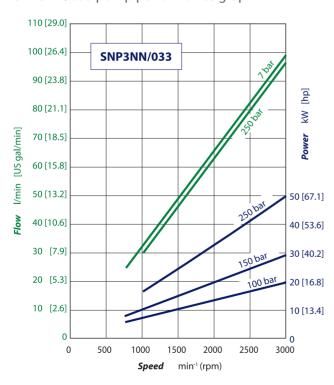
SNP3NN/022 pump performance graph



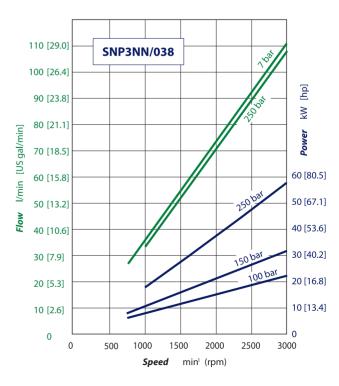
SNP3NN/026 pump performance graph



SNP3NN/033 pump performance graph



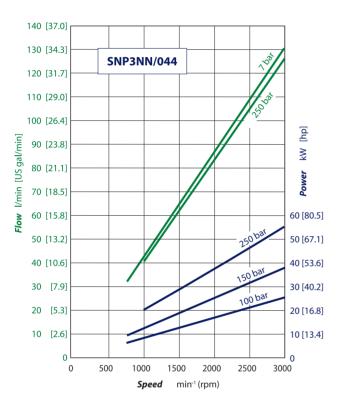
SNP3NN/038 pump performance graph



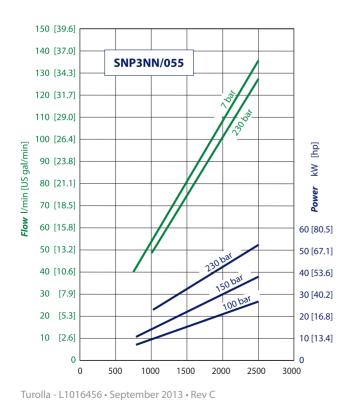




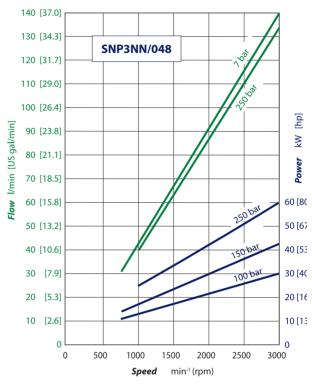
SNP3NN/044 pump performance graph



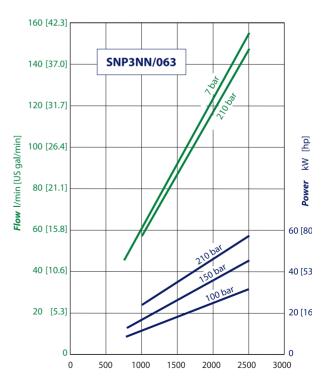
SNP3NN/055 pump performance graph



SNP3NN/048 pump performance graph



SNP3NN/063 pump performance graph





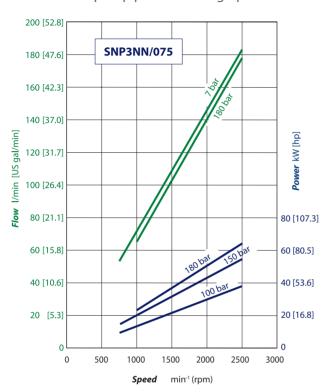




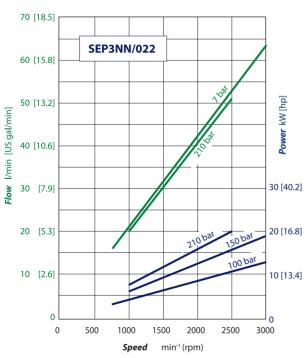




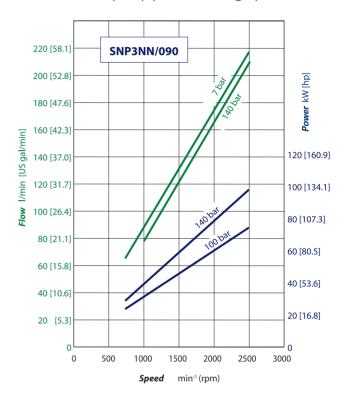
SNP3NN/075 pump performance graph



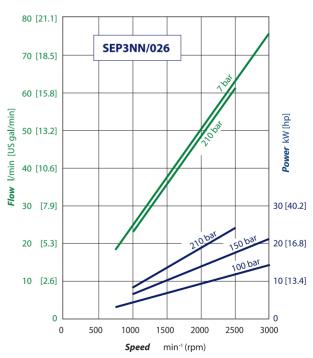
SEP3NN/022 pump performance graph



SNP3NN/090 pump performance graph



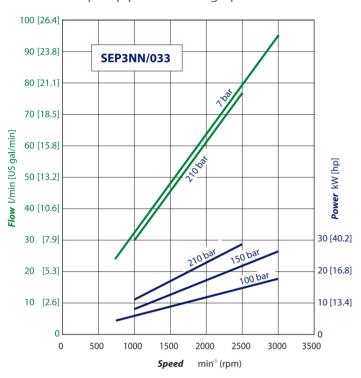
SEP3NN/026 pump performance graph



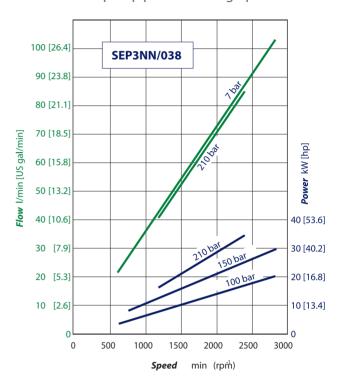




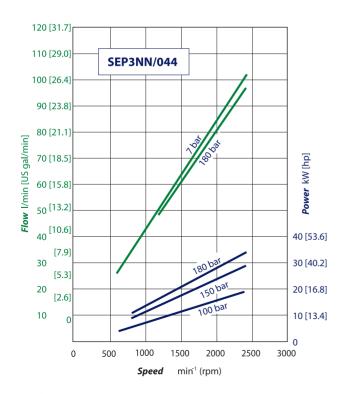
SEP3NN/033 pump performance graph



SEP3NN/038 pump performance graph



SEP3NN/044 pump performance graph











Product Options

Shaft, flange, and port configurations

	Code	Flange		Shaft	Port	
Pump						
SEP3NN SNP3NN	01BA	pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 01,4-bolt		1:8 tapered	European flanged port + pattern	• • •
SNP3NN	02BA	pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 02,4-bolt		1:8 tapered	European flanged port + pattern	• • •
SNP3NN	03BB	pilot Ø 60.3 mm [2.374 in] European 03,4-bolt		1:8 tapered	European flanged port + pattern	• • •
SNP3NN	06AA	pilot Ø 105 mm [4.133 in] German, 4-bolt		1:5 tapered	German std ports port X pattern	
SNP3NN	06CA	pilot Ø 105 mm [4.133 in] German, 4-bolt		Tang 8 x Ø 22,2	German std ports port X pattern	<u> </u>
SEP3NN SNP3NN	01FA	pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 01,4-bolt		Ø 20 mm [0.787 in] parallel	European flanged port + pattern	•
SNP3NN	02FA	pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 02, 4-bolt		Ø 20 mm [0.787 in] parallel	European flanged port + pattern	•••
SNP3NN	03FB	pilot Ø 60.3 mm [2.374 in] European 03,4-bolt		Ø 22 mm [0.866 in] parallel	European flanged port + pattern	•
SEP3NN SNP3NN	07GA	pilot Ø 101.6 mm [4.0 in] SAE B, 2-bolt	000	Ø 22.225 mm [0.875 in] parallel	Vertical four bolt flanged port	8 8
SNP3NN	01DA pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 01,4-bolt			Splined shaft 13T - m 1.60 DIN 5482-B22x19	European flanged port + pattern	
SNP3NN	02DA	pilot Ø 50.8 mm [2.0 in] European 02, 4-bolt		Splined shaft 13T - m 1.60 DIN 5482-B22x19	European flanged port + pattern	• • •





SNP3NN	06DD	pilot Ø 105 mm [4.0 in] German, 4-bolt		Splined shaft 15T - m 1.75 DIN 5482-B28x25	German std ports port X pattern	(S)
SNP3NN	07BC	pilot Ø 101.6 mm [4.0 in] SAE B, 2-bolt	000	1:8 tapered - 5/8 - 18 UNF - 2A	Vertical four bolt flanged port	800
SEP3NN SNP3NN	07SA	pilot Ø 101.6 mm [4.0 in] SAE B, 2-bolt	000	Splined shaft SAE J498 13T - 16/32DP	Vertical four bolt flanged port	8 8
SNP3NN	08RA	pilot Ø 127 mm [5.0 in] SAE C, 4-bolt		Splined shaft SAE J498 14T - 12/24DP	Vertical four bolt flanged port	8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
SNP3NN	09SB	pilot Ø 82.55 mm [3.25 in] SAE A, 2-bolt	000	Splined shaft SAE J498 13T - 16/32DP	Vertical four bolt flanged port	8 8
SNP3NN	91BA	Outrigger bearing with European four bolt flange Pilot Ø50,8		Taper 1:8 M14x1,5 key 4x7,5	European flanged port + pattern	•
SNP3NN	D7SA	pilot Ø 101.6 mm [4.0 in] SAE B, 2-bolt, special for double shaft seal	000	Splined shaft SAE J498 13T - 16/32DP	Vertical four bolt flanged port	8 8







Mounting flanges

Turolla offers many types of industry standard mounting flanges. This table shows order codes for each available mounting flange and its intended use:

Flange availability

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N 0

Code	Description
01	F
02	European 50.8 mm [2.0 in] 4-bolt
03	European 60.3 mm [2.374 in] 4-bolt
06	German 105 mm [4.134 in] 4-bolt
07	SAE B 2-bolt
08	SAE C 4-bolt
09	SAE A 2-bolt





Shaft options

Direction is viewed facing the shaft. Group 3 pumps are available with a variety of splined, parallel, and tapered shaft ends. Not all shaft styles are available with all flange styles.

Shaft availability and nominal torque capability



	↓								
	Shaft		Мо	unting flang	e code with	maximum to	rque in Nm [ll	b•in]	
Code	Description	01	02	03	06	07	08	09	D7
AA	Taper 1:5-M16x1,5-Key 5				300				
ВА	Taper 1:8-M14x1,5-Key 4	350	350						
ВВ	Taper 1:8-M16x1,5-Key 4,79			500					
ВС	Taper 1:8-5/8-18UNF-2A-Key 6,375					300			
BD	Taper 1:8-M14x1,5-Key 4 + thd hole M8 - Special					300			
ВР	Taper 1:8-5/8-18UNF-2A-Key 6,375 with NUT & WASHER (for SAE B flange)					300			
CA	Tang 8xØ22,2 - Special				90				
DA	DIN 5482 B22x19 L=24 (for flange 01)	290	290						
DD	DIN 5482 B28x25 L28 (for flange 06)				450				
FA	Parallel Ø20-Key 5x5 L30 (for flange 01-02)	210	210						
FB	Parallel Ø22-Key 5x5 L40 (for flange 03)			300					
GA	Parallel Ø22,225 x L25,4-Key 6,375x6,375 L25,4					230			
GB	Parallel Ø22,225xL25,4-Key 6,375x6,375x25,4+thd hole:1/4- 20UNC-2B					230			
GC	Parallel Ø22,225xL25,4-Key 6,375x6,375x25,4+thd hole:5/16- 18UNC-2B - Special					230			
SA	SAE J498-13T-16/32-SAE B					270			270
SB	SAE J498-13T-16/32-SAE A (for flange 09)							270	
RA	SAE J498-14T-12/24-SAE C-4 bolt (for flange 08)						400		
SH	SAE J498-15T-16/32-SAE B - Special					400			

Turolla recommends mating splines conform to SAE J498 or DIN 5482. Turolla external SAE splines have a flat root side fit with circular tooth thickness reduced by 0.127 mm [0.005 in] in respect to class 1 fit. Dimensions are modified to assure a clearance fit with the mating spline.

• Caution

Shaft torque capability may limit allowable pressure. Torque ratings assume no external radial loading. Applied torque must not exceed these limits, regardless of stated pressure parameters. Maximum torque ratings are based on shaft torsional fatigue strength.











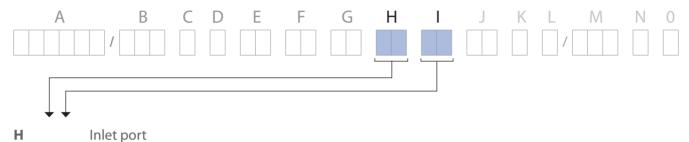
Port configurations

Various port configurations are available on Group 3 pumps. They include:

- European standard flanged ports
- German standard flanged ports
- Gas threaded ports (BSPP)
- O-Ring boss (following SAE J1926/1 [ISO 11926-1] UNF threads, standard)

A table of dimensions is on the next page.

Available port configurations



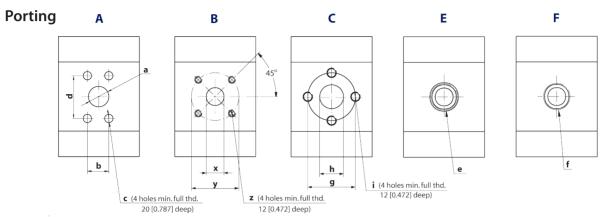
Code	Description						
A2	8,5x22,23x47,63x ³ / ₈ -16UNC						
А3	25x26,19x52,37x ³ / ₈ -16UNC	645.0					
A4	31x30,18x58,72x ⁷ / ₁₆ -14UNC	SAE flanged port					
A5	37,5/27x35,7x69,85x ½ -13UNC						
B7	20x40xM6						
BA	18x55xM8						
BB	27x55xM8	Flanged port with thd holes in X pattern					
ВС	36/27x55xM8						
C3	13,5x30xM6						
C7	20x40xM8						
CA	27x51xM10	Flanged port with thd holes in + pattern					
CD	36x62xM10						
E6	1 ½ ₆ -12UN						
E8	1 5/16-12UN	TI I CATE O : I					
E9	1 ⁵ / ₈ -12UN	Thd SAE O-ring boss port					
EA	1 7/ ₈ -12UN						
F5	¾ GAS						
F6	1 GAS	Threaded GAS (BSPP)					
F7	1 ¼ GAS						

I Outlet port

For code letters and descriptions see the table above.







Ports dimensions

Po	rt typ	oe e												
Diı	mens	ions	a	b	d	с	х	у	z	g	h	i	e	f
	022	Inlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	15/16-12UN-2B	¾ Gas (BSPP)
	022	Outlet	19.1 [0.752]	22.23 [0.875]	47.63 [1.875]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	1 ¹ / ₁₆ –12UN–2B	¾ Gas (BSPP
	026	Inlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	15/16-12UN-2B	¾ Gas (BSPP
	026	Outlet	19.1 [0.752]	22.23 [0.875]	47.63 [1.875]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	1 ¹ / ₁₆ –12UN–2B	¾ Gas (BSPP
	033	Inlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8- 12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP)
	033	Outlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	15/16-12UN-2B	¾ Gas (BSPP
	038	Inlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	030	Outlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	40 [1.575]	20 [0.787]	M8	15/16-12UN-2B	¾ Gas (BSPP
פוני	044	Inlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
ומכפוו	044	Outlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/16-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
i ype (dispiacement)	048	Inlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
l yp	040	Outlet	25.4 [1.000]	26.19 [1.031]	52.37 [2.062]	³/8-16UNC-2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/16-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	055	Inlet	38.1 [1.500]	35.71 [1.406]	69.85 [2.750]	½-13UNC-2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	1 ⁷ / ₈ –12UN–2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	033	Outlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	18 [0.709]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	063	Inlet	38.1 [1.500]	35.71 [1.406]	69.85 [2.750]	½-13UNC-2B	36 [1.417]	55 [2.165]	M8	62 [2.441]	36 [1.417]	M10	1 ⁷ / ₈ –12UN–2B	1¼ Gas (BSPI
	003	Outlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	075	Inlet	38.1 [1.500]	35.71 [1.406]	69.85 [2.750]	½–13UNC–2B	36 [1.417]	55 [2.165]	M8	62 [2.441]	36 [1.417]	M10	1 ⁷ / ₈ –12UN–2B	1¼ Gas (BSPI
	0, 3	Outlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP
	090	Inlet	38.1 [1.500]	35.71 [1.406]	69.85 [2.750]	½–13UNC–2B	36 [1.417]	55 [2.165]	M8	62 [2.441]	36 [1.417]	M10	1 ⁷ / ₈ –12UN–2B	1¼ Gas (BSPI
	090	Outlet	31.8 [1.252]	30.18 [1.188]	58.72 [2.312]	⁷ / ₁₆ –14UNC–2B	27 [1.063]	55 [2.165]	M8	51 [2.008]	27 [1.063]	M10	15/8-12UN-2B	1 Gas (BSPP



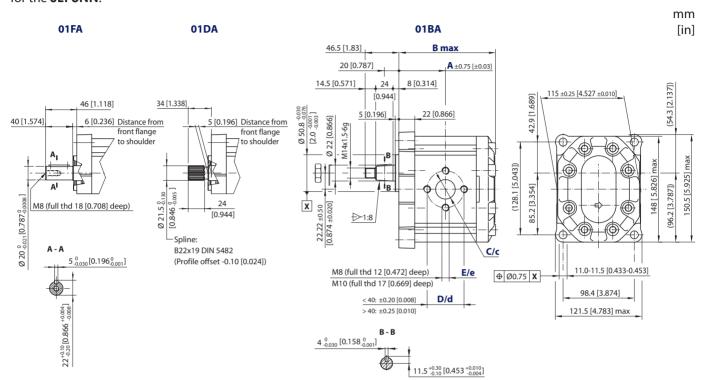




Dimensions

SNP3NN - 01FA, 01DA, 01BA / SEP3NN - 01BA

The drawing shows the SNP3NN standard porting for 01FA, 01DA and 01BA. The configurations 01FA and 01BA are available for the **SEP3NN**.



SNP3NN - 01FA, 01BA, 01DA and SEP3NN - 01FA, 01BA dimensions

Six Six Office of Brand SET Six Office of the Control of Six Office of Six Office of the Control of Six Office of S												
Frame s	size	022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090	
	Α.	63	64.5	67	67 68.8		72.5	75	78	82	87	
Dimensian	Α	[2.480]	[2.539]	[2.637]	[2.708]	[2.795]	[2.854]	[2.952]	[3.07]	[3.228]	[3.425]	
Dimension	D	132.5	135.5	140.5	144	148.5	151.5	156.5	162.5	170.5	180.5	
	В	[5.216]	[5.334]	[5.531]	[5.669]	[5.846]	[5.964]	[6.161]	[6.397]	[6.712]	[7.106]	
	С	20 [0	.787]		27 [1	.063]		36 [1.417]				
Inlet	D	40 [1	.575]		51 [2	2.007]		62 [2.441]				
	Е	N	18	M10								
	С		20 [0	.787]		27 [1.063]						
Outlet	d		40 [1	.575]		51 [2.001]						
	е		N	18				М	10			

The SEP3NN overall length is 12 mm [0.472 in] less than the SNP3NN for the whole range of displacements (22.1 to 44.1 cm3/rev [1.35 to 2.69 in3/rev]).

Model code examples and maximum shaft torque

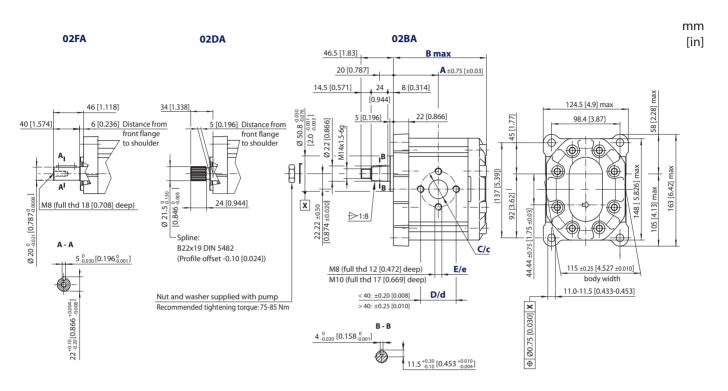
Flange/drive gear	Model code example	Maximum shaft torque
01DA	SNP3NN/075LN01DAP1CDCANNNN/NNNNN	290 N•m [2566 lb•in]
01FA	SNP3NN/033RN01FAP1CAC7NNNN/NNNNN	210 N•m [1858 lb•in]
01BA	SNP3NN/022RN01BAP1C7C7NNNN/NNNNN	350 N•m [3097 lb•in]





SNP3NN - 02FA, 02DA and 02BA

This drawing shows the standard porting for 02FA, 02DA and 02BA.



SNP3NN - 02FA, 02DA and 02BA dimensions

Frame s	ize	022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090	
	Α	63	64.5	67	68.8	71	72.5	75	78	82	87	
Dimension	A	[2.480]	[2.539]	[2.637]	[2.708]	[2.795]	[2.854]	[2.952]	[3.07]	[3.228]	[3.425]	
Dimension	D	132.5	135.5	140.5	144	148.5	151.5	156.5	162.5	170.5	180.5	
	В	[5.216]	[5.334]	[5.531]	[5.669]	[5.846]	[5.964]	[6.161]	[6.397]	[6.712]	[7.106]	
	С	20 [0	.787]		27 [1	.063]		36 [1.417]				
Inlet	D	40 [1	.575]		51 [2	.007]		62 [2.441]				
	Е	M	18		M10							
	С		20 [0	.787]		27 [1.063]						
Outlet	d		40 [1	.575]		51 [2.001]						
	е		N	18				М	10			

Model code examples and maximum shaft torque

Flange/drive gear configuration	Model code example	Maximum shaft torque N·m [lb·in]
02FA	SNP3NN/044RN02FAP1CACANNNN/NNNNN	210 [1858]
02DA	SNP3NN/033RN02DAP1CAC7NNNN/NNNNN	290 [2566]
02BA	SNP3NN/026LN02BAP1C7C7NNNN/NNNNN	350 [3097]



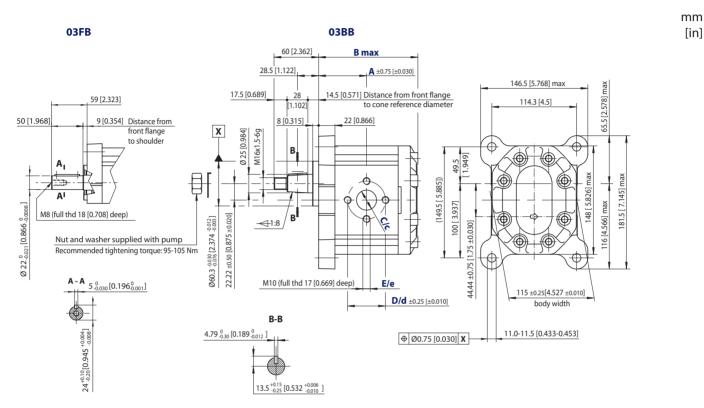






SNP3NN - 03FB, 03BB

This drawing shows the standard porting for 03FB and 03BB.



SNP3NN - 03FB and 03BB dimensions

SNI SNIN - 051 D and 050D difficultions												
Type (displace	ement)	022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090	
	^	63.0	64.5	67.0	68.8	71.0	72.5	75.0	78.0	82.0	87.0	
Dimension	Α	[2.480]	[2.539]	[2.637]	[2.708]	[2.795]	[2.854]	[2.952]	[3.070]	[3.228]	[3.425]	
Dimension	D	132.5	135.5	140.5	144.0	148.5	151.5	156.5	162.5	170.5	180.5	
	В	[5.216]	[5.334]	[5.531]	[5.669]	[5.846]	[5.964]	[6.161]	[6.397]	[6.712]	[7.106]	
	C	20 [0	.787]		27 [1	.063]		36 [1.417]				
Inlet	D	40 [1	.575]		51 [2	.007]			62 [2	.441]		
	Е	N	18		M10							
	С		20 [0	.787]		27 [1.063]						
Outlet	d		40 [1	.575]		51 [2.001]						
	е		N	18				М	10			

Model code examples and maximum shaft torque

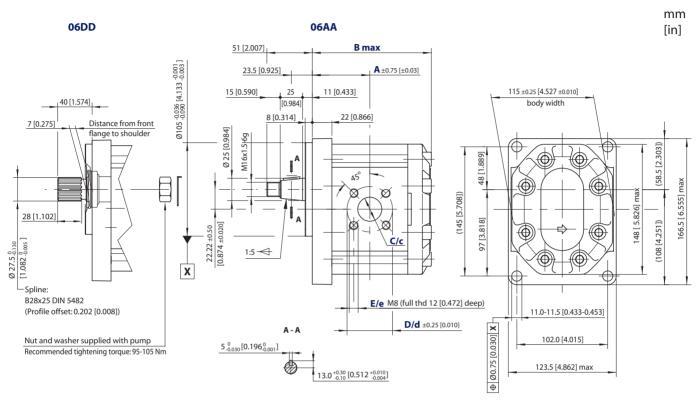
Flange/drive gear configuration	Model code example	Maximum shaft torque N·m [lb·in]
03FB	SNP3NN/044LN03FBP1CACANNNN/NNNNN	300 [2655]
03BB	SNP3NN/090RN03BBP1CDCANNNN/NNNNN	500 [4425]





SNP3NN - 06DD, 06AA

This drawing shows the standard porting for 06DD and 06AA.



SNP3NN - 06DD and 06AA dimensions

SIN SIN CODE and CONTAINENSIONS													
Type (displace	ement)	022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090		
		63.0	64.5	67.0	68.8	71.0	72.5	75.0	78.0	82.0	87.0		
Dimension	Α	[2.480]	[2.539]	[2.637]	[2.708]	[2.795]	[2.854]	[2.952]	[3.070]	[3.228]	[3.425]		
Dimension	В	132.5	135.5	140.5	144.0	148.5	151.5	156.5	162.5	170.5	180.5		
	В	[5.216]	[5.334]	[5.531]	[5.669]	[5.846]	[5.964]	[6.161]	[6.397]	[6.712]	[7.106]		
	C		27 [1.063]							36 [1.417]			
Inlet	D	55 [2.165]											
	Е		M8										
	С	18 [0.708] 27 [1.063]											
Outlet	d	55 [2.165]											
	e M8												

Model code examples and maximum shaft torque

Flange/drive gear configuration	Model code example	Maximum shaft torque N·m [lb·in]				
06DD	SNP3NN/044RN06DDP1BBBANNNN/NNNNN	450 [3982]				
06AA	SNP3NN/026LN06AAP1BBBANNNN/NNNNN	300 [2655]				





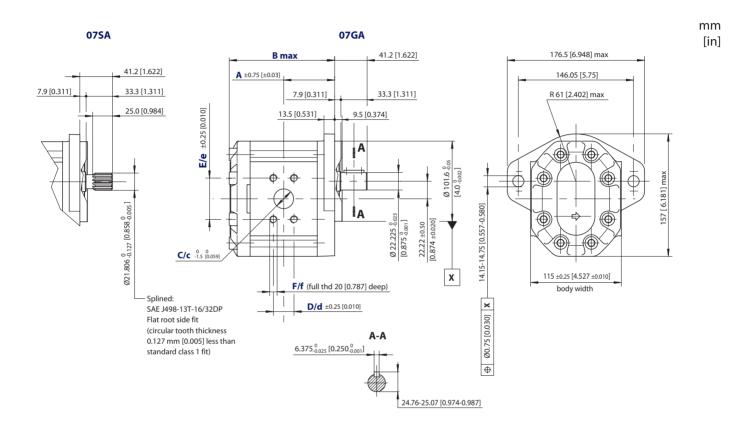






SNP3NN and SEP3NN - 07SA, 07GA

The drawing shows the SNP3NN standard porting for 07SA and 07GA. The same configurations are available for the **SEP3NN**.



The SEP3NN overall length is 12 mm [0.472 in] less than the SNP3NN for the whole range of displacements (22.1 to 44.1 cm3/rev [1.35 to 2.69 in3/rev]).

SNP3NN, SEP3NN - 07SA and 07GA dimensions

Type (displacement)		022	026	033	038	044	048	055	063	075	090
Dimension	A	63.0	64.5	67.0	68.8	71.0	72.5	75.0	78.0	82.0	87.0
		[2.480]	[2.539]	[2.637]	[2.708	[2.795]	[2.854]	[2.952]	[3.070]	[3.228]	[3.425]
	D	132.5	135.5	140.5	144.0	148.5	151.5	156.5	162.5	170.5	180.5
	В	[5.216]	[5.334]	[5.531]	[5.669]	[5.846]	[5.964]	[6.161]	[6.397]	[6.712]	[7.106]
	С	25.4 [1]			31.8 [1.251]		38.1 [1.5]			
	D	26.19	[1.031]	30.18 [1.188]				35.71 [1.405]			
Inlet	E	52.37	[2.061]	58.72 [2.311]				69.85 [2.75]			
	F	³/8−16L	INC-2B		7/16-14	JNC-2B		½–13UNC–2B			
	С	19.1 [0.751]		25.4 [1.0]				31.8 [1.251]			
d		22.23	[0.875]	26.19 [1.031]			30.18 [1.188]				
Outlet	е	47.63	[1.875]	52.37 [2.061]				58.72 [2.311]			
	f	3/8-16L	JNC-2B	³/8-16UNC-2B				7/16-14UNC-2B			





SNP3NN and SEP3NN – 07SA, 07GA (cont.)

Model code examples and maximum shaft torque

Flange/drive gear configuration	Model code example	Maximum shaft torque N·m [lb·in]				
07SA	SNP3NN/063LN07SAP1A5A4NNNN/NNNNN	270 [2389]				
07GA	SNP3NN/026LN07GAP1A3A2NNNN/NNNNN	230 [2035]				







Italy

Via Villanova 28 40055 Villanova di Castenaso Bologna, Italia Telephone: +39 051 6054 411

U.S.A.

2800 East 13th Street Ames, IA 50010, USA Phone: +1 515 239 6677 Fax: +1 515 239 6618

Slovakia

Kukučínova 2148-84 01701 Považská Bystrica, Slovakia Phone: +421 424 301 202 Fax: +421 424 301 626

E-mail: turollaocg@turollaocg.com www.turollaocg.com

Local address

